



### **AGENDA**

- What is a prefabricated bathroom module (PBM)?
- Why prefabrication?
- Regulations/requirements
- Testing
- Challenges and experiences
- Market
- Status





### How to define PBM

- A complete, waterproof bathroom
- Produced in a factory
- Transported to the final building
- Floor, walls, ceiling
- WC, hand basin, shower, mixers etc
- Electrical installations, ventilation





### Why prefabrication

- Production line
- Accurate design
- Repetitive
- Ideal work conditions
- Predictable
- Reduced cost

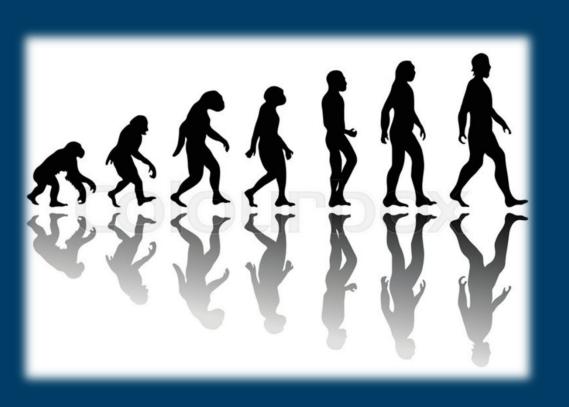




### The early days

- Experimental
- Example from Soviet Union 1961
- Not common in use
- Difficult/expensive transport
- Small scale use from the '70s
- Increasing use since 2000
- More available transport





### Development

- Former module house producers
- Lack of knowledge
- Poor waterproofing





### Development

- Different constructional materials:
- Combinations





# Regulations and requirements

- For Norway:
- The law = DiBK
  - Official requirements
- Functional requirements (TEK)
- Documentation(DOK)
  - Byggevare vs. Built on site





## Testing and certification

- Testing:
  - Water tightness
  - Load bearing capacity
  - Water & waste installations
- Fire aspects
- Environmental evaluation
- SINTEF Certification issue
  Technical Approval





### Challenges

- Slope requirements
- Built-in water installations requirements





## Challenges

- Membrane repair
- Changes to the construction
- Renovation





### Experiences

- Design process is important
- An error can cause: Systematic fault
- Large number affected
- Media sensation

Poor handling/storage at building site

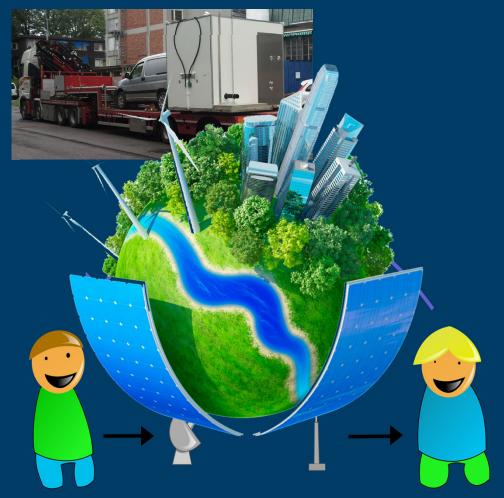




- 2018; Total 33423 new homes
- Approximately 17500 new dwellings in building blocks + 3000 hotel rooms = 20500

• Today all producers have SINTEF certificate





### Status

- Increasing prefabrication
- Improved quality
- User producer communication; early and clear

• Environment and climate assessment





## Thank You

• Any questions?

